

ProREZ Coatings, LLC

P.O. Box 153, Cromwell, CT 06416-0153

877.511.3456 • www.prorezcoatings.com

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1. CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Names/Trade Names: ProCryl Initiator

Chemical Family: Organic Peroxides/Diacyl Peroxides Manufacturer's Name: ProREZ Coatings, LLC

PO BOX 153

Cromwell, CT 06416-0153 USA

General No.: (877) 511-3456 (8:00am to 5:00pm Eastern Time)

Company 24 Hour Emergency Response Information: CHEMTEL: 1-800-255-3924

Emergency telephone numbers are to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident involving chemicals. All non-emergency questions should be directed to customer service.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview: DANGER! White granules with a slight odor. ORGANIC PEROXIDE. HEAT OR CONTAMINATION MAY CAUSE HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION.

MAY CAUSE EYE, SKIN AND RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION

Toxic and flammable vapors may be produced under combustion. Isolate from sources of ignition.

Classification of the substance

Organic peroxides, Type D Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2B Skin sensitization, Category 1 Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 Acute aquatic toxicity, Category 1 Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 3

Label Elements

Hazardous components that must be listed on the label: Contains Dibenzoyl peroxide

Signal Word: Danger

Pictograms:









Hazard Statements:

- H242 Heating may cause a fire.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H320 Causes eye irritation.
- H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements

- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P220 Keep away from dirt, rust, chemicals in particular.
- P234 Keep only in original packaging.
- P235 Keep cool.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure to this product.

No toxic effects are expected to be caused by inhalation of fumes or vapors.

Inhalation of powder, dust or fumes may be irritating to the upper respiratory system.

Skin contact may cause mild irritation and/or an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Eye contact may cause mild to moderate irritation.

This product has a low order of toxicity. No significant toxic effects are expected.

General Information: This product contains no listed carcinogens according to IARC, ACGIH, NTP and/or OSHA in concentrations of 0.1 percent or greater. Prolonged contact may result in chemical burns and permanent damage. Repeated or prolonged contact causes sensitization, asthma and eczemas.

Read the entire SDS for a more thorough evaluation of the hazards.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Ingredients | % By Weight | CAS Number |
|------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Dibenzoyl peroxide | 50 | 94-36-0 |
| Dicyclohexyl phthalate | 50 | 84-61-7 |

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice: Seek medical advice or medical attention if condition persists.

Eye contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Skin contact: Immediately remove any extraneous chemical, if possible without delay. Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash body off with soap and plenty of water.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Drink plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If a person vomits when lying on his back, place him in the recovery position and turn victim's head to the side. **Do not induce vomiting.**

Inhalation: Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped or is labored, give assisted respirations. Supplemental oxygen may be indicated. If the heart has stopped, trained personnel should begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation immediately.



Notes to Physician: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Call the poison control center immediately if large quantities have been ingested. Corticosteroid cream has been effective and treating skin irritation in similar products with similar chemistries

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Fire Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide (CO2). Foam. Dry chemical. Water Fog.

Specific hazards: May generate ammonia gas. May generate toxic nitrogen oxide gases. **Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.** Incomplete combustion may form carbon monoxide (CO) and nitrogen oxides (NOx). Ammonia gas may be liberated at high temperatures. Burning produces noxious and toxic fumes. Downwind personnel must be evacuated.

Special Protective Equipment for Fire-Fighters: Avoid contact with the skin. A face shield should be worn. Use personal protective equipment. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Danger of Explosion: Not an explosion hazard

Flammable Limits: Not Available Explosion Limits: Not Available Auto-Ignition: Not Available Flash Point: Not Available)

Ignition temperature: Not Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Use personal protective equipment.

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing dust. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition.

Environmental Precautions: Prevent product from entering drains.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

Methods for cleaning up / Methods for containment: Keep wetted with water.

Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste.

Confinement must be avoided.

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust.

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Never return spills in original containers for re-use.



7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling: For personal protection see section 8.

Avoid formation of respirable particles.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces - No smoking.

Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion: Use explosion protected equipment.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

No sparking tools should be used.

Keep away from reducing agents (e.g. amines), acids, alkalis and heavy metal compounds (e.g. accelerators, driers, metal soaps).

Do not cut or weld on or near this container even when empty. Keep away from combustible material.

Temperature class: It is recommended to use electrical equipment of temperature group T3. However, autoignition can never be excluded.

Storage: Requirements for storage areas and containers: Prevent unauthorized access.

No smoking.

Keep in a dry place.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.

Store at room temperature in the original container.

Keep only in original container.

Store away from other materials.

Maximum storage temperature: Ideal storage: 25 °C (77 °F)

Other data

Critical: Do not allow material to dry out.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Special Note for Exposure Control: Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

OSHA PEL (TWA): 5 mg/m³ ACGIH TLV (TWA): 5 mg/m³ NIOSH REL (TWA): 5 mg/m³

Engineering measures: Work in well-ventilated area. Provide natural or explosion-proof fan to ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined area. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing.

Environmental exposure controls: Construct a dike to prevent spreading. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

ProREZ

Hygiene Measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating and drinking, smoking or using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal Protection:

Respiratory - In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. **Eyes** – Splash proof safety glasses.

Skin - Rubber or plastic apron. Rubber or plastic gloves. Long sleeved clothing or wear protective sleeves. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Other protective equipment information - Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Neoprene gloves. PVC disposable gloves. Nitrile rubber. Butyl rubber. Impervious gloves. (The breakthrough time of the selected glove(s) must be greater than the intended use period.)

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Form: | Powder | |
|--|----------------|--|
| Odor: | Faint/Musty | |
| Odor Threshold: | Not Applicable | |
| Color: | White | |
| Material Separation | Not Applicable | |
| PH Value: | Not Determined | |
| Boiling Point: | Not Applicable | |
| Melting Point: | Not Applicable | |
| Vapor Pressure: | Not Applicable | |
| Vapor Density: | Not Applicable | |
| Density (Nominal): | 1.23 at 20 °C | |
| Solubility in water: | 20°C Insoluble | |
| Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1): | Not Applicable | |
| Volatile Organic Compounds: | Not Determined | |

Decomposition temperature: SADT - (Self accelerating decomposition temperature) is the lowest temperature at which self-accelerating decomposition may occur with a substance in the packaging as used in transport. A dangerous self-accelerating decomposition reaction and, under certain circumstances, explosion or fire can be caused by thermal decomposition at and above the SADT. Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition below the SADT.

Self-Accelerating decomposition temperature (SADT): $55\ ^{\circ}\text{C}$

Explosive properties: Not explosive

Oxidizing properties: Not classified as oxidizing.

Active Oxygen Content: 3.3 % Organic peroxides: 49 - 51 %



10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to avoid: Do not allow to dry out.

Confinement must be avoided. Heat, flames and sparks.

For safety, store below: 25°C (77°F)

Materials to avoid: Use only stainless steel 316, PP, polyethylene or glass-lined equipment. Acids and bases, Iron,

Copper, Reducing agents, Heavy metals, Rust.

Hazardous decomposition products: Benzoic acid, Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO_2). **Hazardous polymerization:** Under normal conditions hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Decomposition temperature: SADT - (Self accelerating decomposition temperature) is the lowest temperature at which self-accelerating decomposition may occur with a substance in the packaging as used in transport. A dangerous self-accelerating decomposition reaction and, under certain circumstances, explosion or fire can be caused by thermal decomposition at and above the SADT. Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition below the SADT.

Self-Accelerating decomposition temperature (SADT): 55 °C

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Oral Toxicity LD50 rat > 5,000 mg/kg Acute Inhalational Toxicity LC50 rat 24.3 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h, vapor

The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute Dermal Toxicity: No data available

Skin irritation: slight irritation

Eye irritation: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days

Germ cell mutagenicity:

Genotoxicity in vitro: No evidence of genotoxic effects in vitro. Genotoxicity in vivo: No evidence of genotoxic effects in vivo.

Carcinogenicity: Not classified due to data, which are conclusive, although insufficient for classification.

Reproductive toxicity/Fertility:

Species: Rat, male Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL (No observed adverse effect level): 1,000 mg/kg body weight/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Species: Rat, females Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL (No observed adverse effect level): 500 mg/kg body weight/day Method: OECD

Test Guideline 422.



Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Routes of exposure: Ingestion

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Routes of exposure: Ingestion

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Component: Dicyclohexyl phthalate

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Skin irritation: No skin irritation

Eye irritation: No eye irritation

Sensitization: Species: Mouse

Classification: May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Repeated dose toxicity:

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral Exposure time: 90 d () NOEL: 50 mg/kg

Germ cell mutagenicity:

Genotoxicity in vitro: No evidence of genotoxic effects in vitro.

Genotoxicity in vivo: No data available

Carcinogenicity: No data available

Routes of exposure: Ingestion

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity:

There is no evidence of carcinogenic effects.

Reprotoxicity/Teratogenicity:

No indications of toxic effects were observed in reproduction studies in animals.

Hazard Summary

Inhalation: Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Product dust may be irritating to respiratory system.

Skin: Product dust may be irritating to skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause skin irritation.

Eyes: Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion: May cause irritation of the mucous membranes.



12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicology Assessment:

Component: Dibenzoyl peroxide

Acute aquatic toxicity: Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

Component: Dicyclohexyl phthalate

Acute aquatic toxicity: Harmful to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Test result:

Component: Dibenzoyl peroxide ecotoxicity effects

Toxicity to fish: LC50: 0.06 mg/l, 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50: 0.11 mg/l, 48 h

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Toxicity to algae: EC50: 0.06 mg/l, 72 h

Species: algae

M-Factor: 10

Toxicity to bacteria: EC50: 35 mg/l

Species: Bacteria

Elimination information (persistence and degradability)

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 66.6

Biodegradability: Inherently biodegradable.

Component: Dicyclohexyl phthalate ecotoxicity effects

Toxicity to fish: LC50: > 2 mg/l, 96 h

Species: Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish) No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50: > 2 mg/l, 48 h

No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to algae: ErC50: > 2 mg/l, 72 h

Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)

Test Type: Growth inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 201, No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to bacteria: NOEC: > 100 mg/l, 3 h

Species: activated sludge

Test Type: Respiration inhibition

Method: Domestic OECD Guideline 209

Elimination information (persistence and degradability)

Bioaccumulation: Bioaccumulation is not expected. Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.

Additional ecological information:

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Dispose in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste-handling site for recycling or disposal. Incineration is the preferred method. Landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Refer to 40 CFR § 261.7 (residues of hazardous waste in empty containers).

DO NOT HEAT OR CUT THE EMPTY CONTAINER WITH ELECTRIC OR GAS TORCH.

Contaminated packages must be emptied as good as possible and properly clean before recycling. Packages that cannot be cleaned must be disposed of in the same way as the substance. Uncontaminated packaging may be taken for recycling.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

| Regulatory Information | UN Number | Classes | Packing Group | Proper Shipping Name |
|---------------------------|--------------|---------|------------------|---|
| DOT | UN3106 | 5.2 | Not Assigned | ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, SOLID (Dibenzoyl peroxide) |
| IATA | UN3106 | 5.2 | Not Assigned | ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, SOLID (Dibenzoyl peroxide) |
| IMDG | UN3106 | 5.2 | Not Assigned | ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, SOLID (Dibenzoyl peroxide) |
| TDG | UN3106 | 5.2 | Not Assigned | ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, SOLID (Dibenzoyl peroxide) |

^{*}This material is considered environmentally hazard and marine pollutant.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

| Country | Regulatory List | Notification |
|---------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| USA | TSCA | Included on Inventory |
| EU | EINECS | Included on Inventory |
| Canada | DSL | Included on Inventory |
| China | SEPA | Included on Inventory |
| Japan | ENCS | Included on Inventory |



OSHA: This product is considered to be a hazardous chemical under 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SARA Section 311 AND 312 - This product has been reviewed according to the EPA "Hazard Categories" promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories: ACUTE, CHRONIC SARA Section 313 - This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372: Dibenzoyl

Right-To-Know (RTK)

peroxide 94-36-0

Dibenzoyl peroxide 94-36-0

New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and Massachusetts

California Safe Drinking Water & Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65) - This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or any other reproductive harm.

Canadian WHMIS - C; D-2B; F

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Relevant H phrases

- H241 Heating may cause a fire or explosion.
- H242 Heating may cause a fire.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H320 Causes eye irritation.
- H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H402 Harmful to aquatic life.
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS):

| Scale 0-4 | | NFPA | <i>HMIS</i> |
|-------------------|--------------|------|-------------|
| 4=Severe Hazard | Health | 2 | 2 |
| 3=Serious Hazard | Flammability | 2 | 2 |
| 2=Moderate Hazard | Reactivity | 2 | 2 |
| 1=Slight Hazard | | | |
| 0=Minimal Hazard | | | |

^{* =} chronic health hazard

THE INFORMATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS PRESENTED HEREIN ARE ACCURATE TO THE BEST OF OUR KNOWLEDGE. USER MUST CONDUCT THEIR OWN TESTS TO DETERMINE THE SUITABILITY OF THESE PRODUCTS FOR THEIR PARTICULAR PURPOSES AND USAGE. BECAUSE OF NUMEROUS FACTORS AFFECTING RESULTS, PROREZ COATINGS, LLC AND ITS AFFILIATION MAKES NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THOSE OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR PURPOSE, OTHER THAN MATERIAL CONFORMS TO OUR APPLICABLE CURRENT SPECIFICATIONS. PROREZ COATINGS, LLC ASSUMES NO LEGAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR USE OR RELIANCE ON THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET.

END OF DATA SHEET

